- (2) This part does not apply to clearing agencies regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission that accept deposits of margin stock in connection with:
- (i) The issuance of, or guarantee of, or the clearance of transactions in, any security (including options on any security, certificate of deposit, securities index or foreign currency); or
- (ii) The guarantee of contracts for the purchase or sale of a commodity for future delivery or options on such contracts

[Reg. G, 48 FR 35071, Aug. 3, 1983, as amended at 56 FR 46110, Sept. 10, 1991]

## §207.2 Definitions.

The terms used in this part have the meanings given them in section 3(a) of the Act or as defined in this section.

- (a) Affiliate means any person who, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with the lender.
- (b) Carrying credit is credit that enables a customer to maintain, reduce, or retire indebtedness originally incurred to purchase a stock that is currently a margin stock.
- (c) Current market value of (1) a security means:
- (i) If quotations are available, the closing sale price of the security on the preceding business day, as appearing in any regularly published reporting or quotation service; or
- (ii) If there is no closing sale price, the lender may use any reasonable estimate of the market value of the security as of the close of business on the preceding business day; or
- (iii) If the credit is used to finance the purchase of the security, the total cost of purchase, which may include any commissions charged.
- (2) Any other collateral means a value determined by any reasonable method.
- (d) *Customer* includes any person or persons acting jointly, to or for whom a lender extends or maintains credit.
- (e) Good faith with respect to: (1) The loan value of collateral means that amount (not exceeding 100 percent of the current market value of the collateral) which a lender, exercising sound

credit judgment, would lend without regard to the customer's other assets held as collateral in connection with unrelated transactions.

- (2) Accepting a statement or notice from or on behalf of a customer means that the lender or its duly authorized representative is alert to the circumstances surrounding the credit, and if in possession of information that would cause a prudent person not to accept the notice or certification without inquiry, investigates and is satisfied that it is truthful.
- (f) *Indirectly secured* (1) includes any arrangement with the customer under which:
- (i) The customer's right or ability to sell, pledge, or otherwise dispose of margin stock owned by the customer is in any way restricted while the credit remains outstanding; or
- (ii) The exercise of such right is or may be cause for accelerating the maturity of the credit.
- (2) Does not include such an arrangement if:
- (i) After applying the proceeds of the credit, not more than 25 percent of the value of the assets subject to the arrangement, as determined by any reasonable method, are margin securities;
- (ii) It is a lending arrangement that permits accelerating the maturity of the credit as a result of a default or renegotiation of another credit to the customer by another creditor that is not an affiliate of the lender;
- (iii) The lender holds the margin stock only in the capacity of custodian, depositary, or trustee, or under similar circumstances, and, in good faith, has not relied upon the margin stock as collateral; or
- (iv) If the lender, in good faith, has not relied upon the margin stock as collateral in extending or maintaining the credit.
- (g) In the ordinary course of business means occurring or reasonably expected to occur in carrying out or furthering any business purpose, or in the case of an individual, in the course of any activity for profit or the management or preservation of property.
- (h) *Lender* means any person subject to the registration requirements of this part.
- (i) Margin stock means:

- (1) Any equity security registered or having unlisted trading privileges on a national securities exchange;
  - (2) Any OTC margin stock;
- (3) Any OTC security designated as qualified for trading in the National Market System under a designation plan approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (NMS Security);
- (4) Any debt security convertible into a margin stock or carrying a warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase a margin stock;
- (5) Any warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase a margin stock; or
- (6) Any security issued by an investment company registered under section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-8), other than:
- (i) A company licensed under the Small Business Investment Company Act of 1958, as amended (15 U.S.C. 661); or
- (ii) A company which has at least 95 percent of its assets continuously invested in exempted securities (as defined in 15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(12)); or
- (iii) A company which issues face-amount certificates as defined in 15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(15), but only with respect of such securities.
- (j) Maximum loan value is the percentage of current market value assigned by the Board under §207.7 of this part to specified types of collateral. The maximum loan value of margin stock is stated as a percentage of current market value. All other collateral has good faith loan value except that puts, calls and combinations thereof have no loan value.
- (k) OTC margin stock means any equity security not traded on a national securities exchange that the Board has determined has the degree of national investor interest, the depth and breadth of market, the availability of information respecting the security and its issuer, and the character and permanence of the issuer to warrant being treated like an equity security traded on a national securities exchange. An OTC stock is not considered to be an OTC margin stock unless it appears on the Board's periodically published list of OTC Margin Stocks.
- (l) *Purpose credit* is credit for the purpose, whether immediate, incidental,

or ultimate, of buying or carrying a margin stock.

[48 FR 35071, Aug. 3, 1983, as amended at 50 FR 10934, Mar. 19, 1985]

## §207.3 General requirements.

- (a) Registration; termination of registration. (1) Every person who, in the ordinary course of business, extends or maintains credit secured, directly or indirectly, by any margin stock shall register on Federal Reserve Form FR G-1 (OMB control number 7100-0011) within 30 days after the end of any calendar quarter during which (i) the amount of credit extended equals \$200,000 or more, or (ii) the amount of credit outstanding at any time during that calendar quarter equals \$500,000 or more.
- (2) A registered lender may apply to terminate its registration, by filing Federal Reserve Form FR G-2 (OMB control number 7100-0011), if the lender has not, during the preceding six calendar months, had more than \$200,000 of such credit outstanding. Registration shall be deemed terminated when the application is approved by the Board.
- (b) Limitation on extending purpose credit. No lender, except a plan-lender, as defined in §207.5(a)(1) of this part, shall extend any purpose credit, secured directly or indirectly by margin stock in an amount that exceeds the maximum loan value of the collateral securing the credit, as set forth in §207.7 of this part.
- (c) Maintaining credit. A lender may continue to maintain any credit initially in compliance with this part, regardless of:
- (1) Reduction in the customer's equity resulting from change in market prices;
- (2) Change in the maximum loan value prescribed by this part; or
- (3) Change in the status of the security (from nonmargin to margin) securing an existing purpose credit.
- (d) Arranging credit. No lender may arrange for the extension or maintenance of any credit, except upon the same terms and conditions under which the lender itself may extend or maintain credit under this part except this limitation shall not apply with respect to the arranging by a lender for a bank